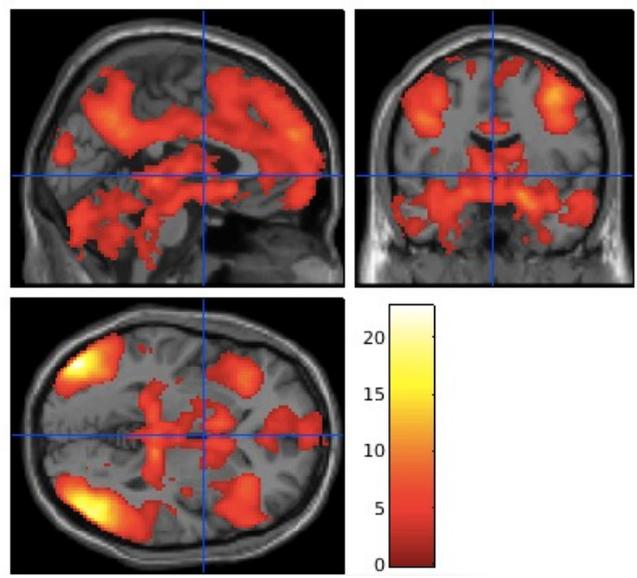
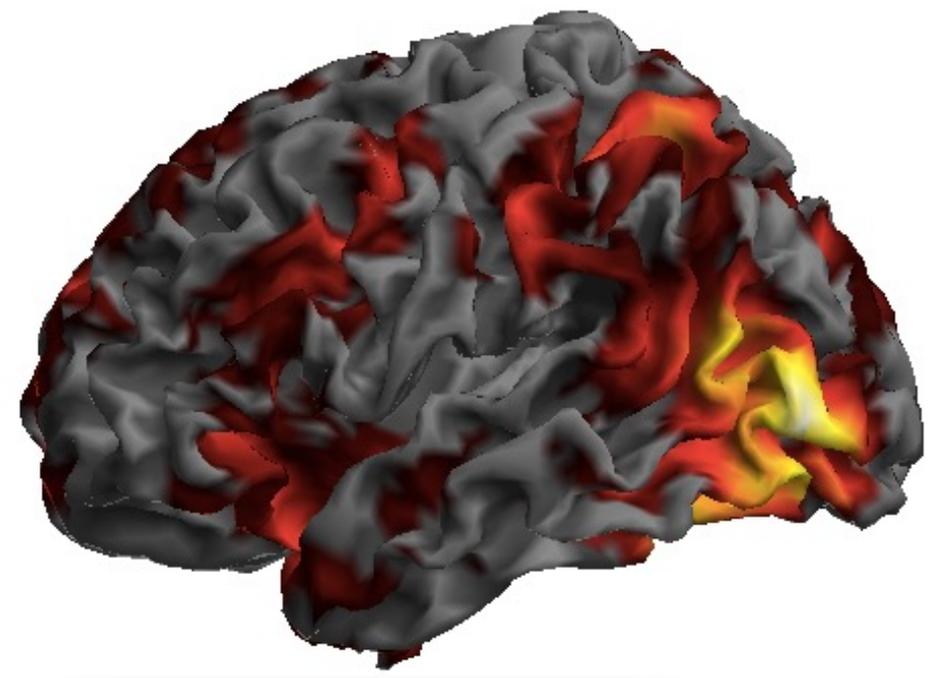
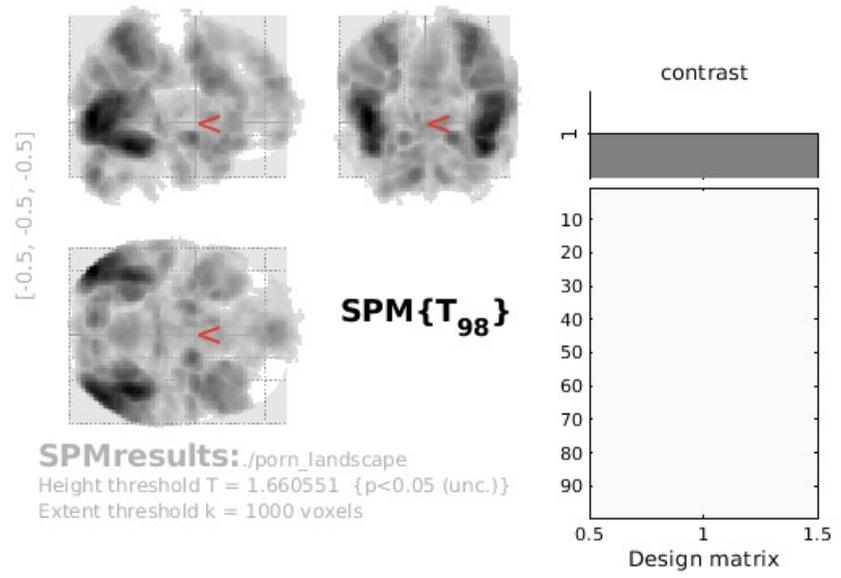
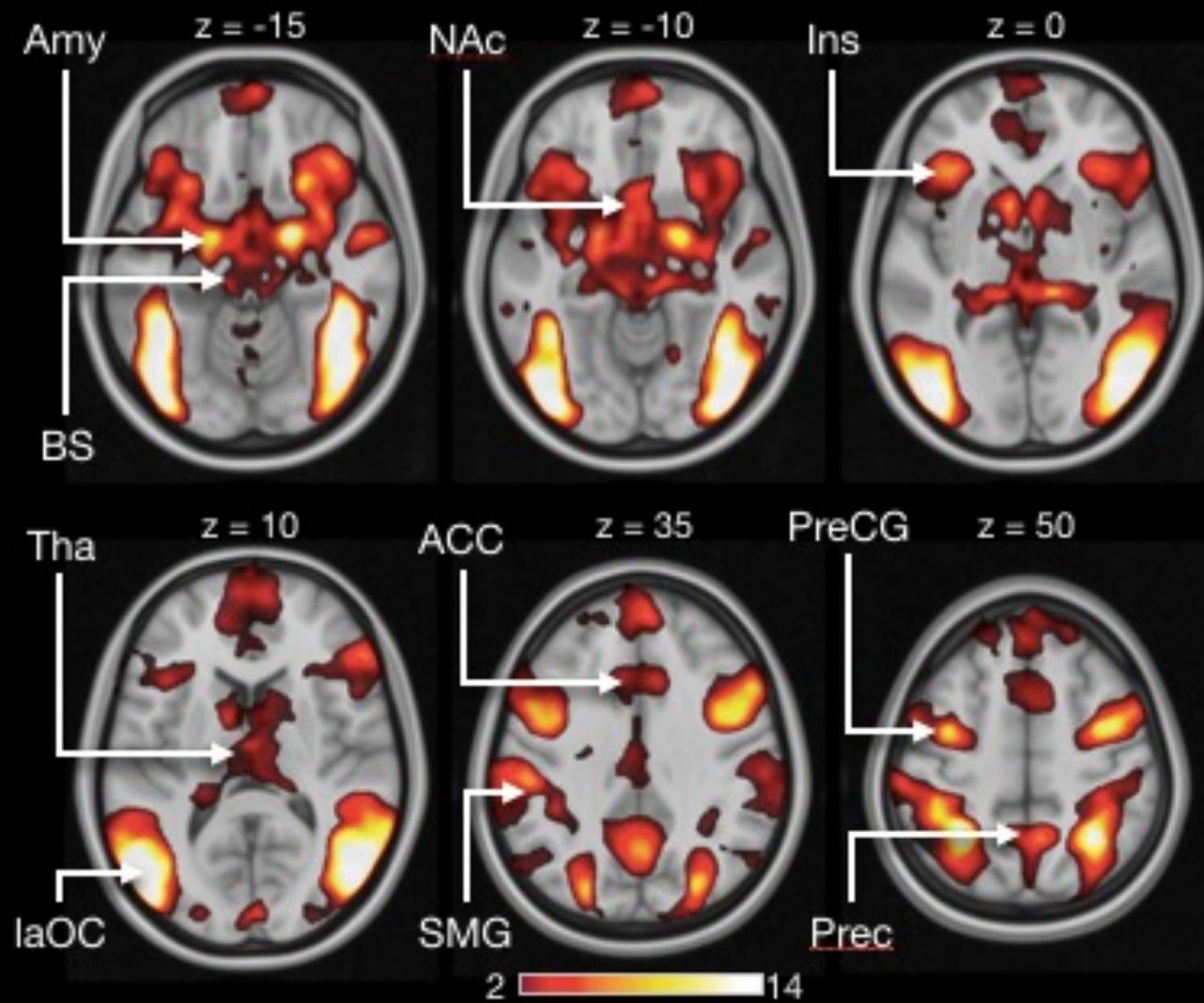
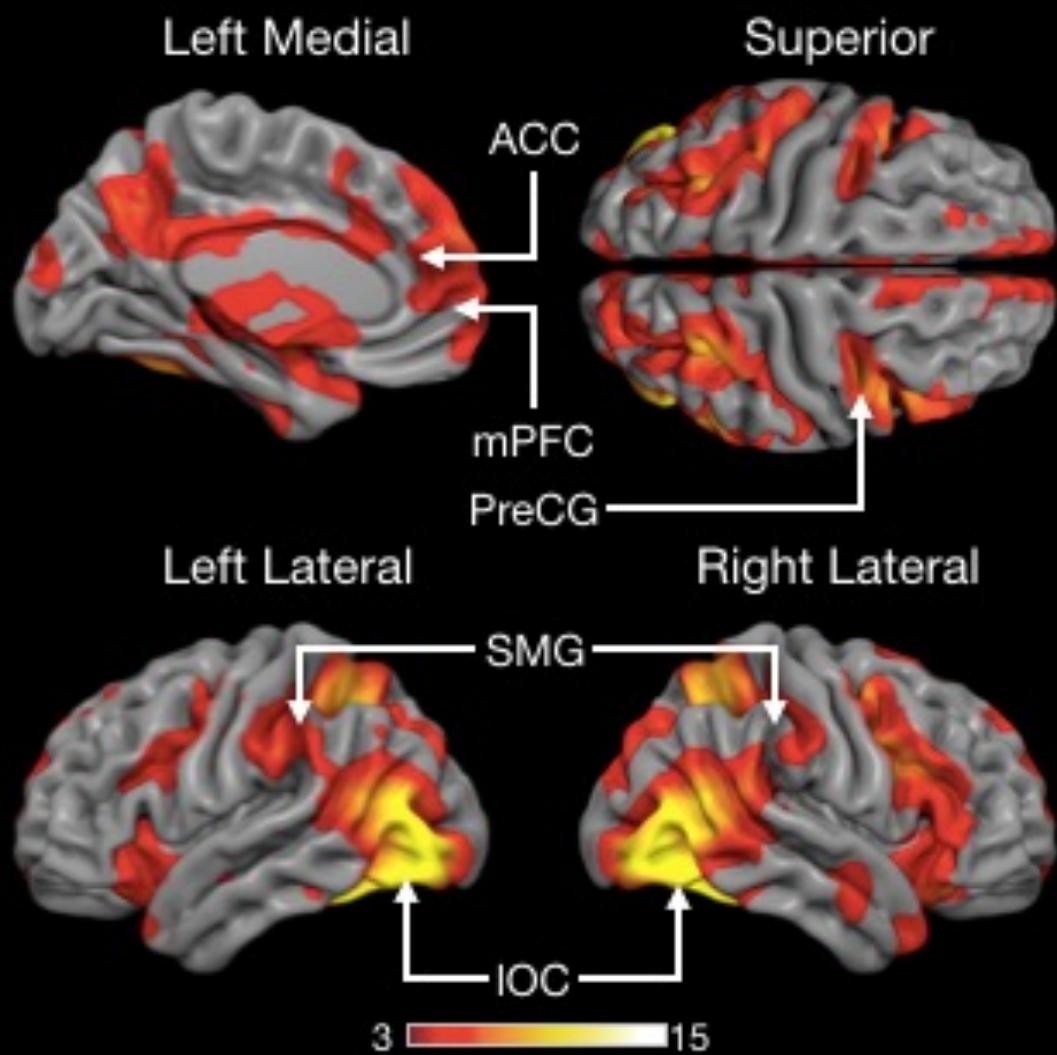


# Data visualization

Vesa Putkinen

PhD





MRicroGL

# MRICroGL



- Open source medical image viewer
- Can be downloaded for free from [www.nitrc.org/](http://www.nitrc.org/)
- Runs on Mac, Windows and Linux
- Includes a graphical interface and scripting
- Scripts can be run from the GUI or invoked from the command line
- (Can do DICOM to NifTI conversion)

Layers  
 spm152

Grayscale

Darkest 40

Brightest 80

Opacity

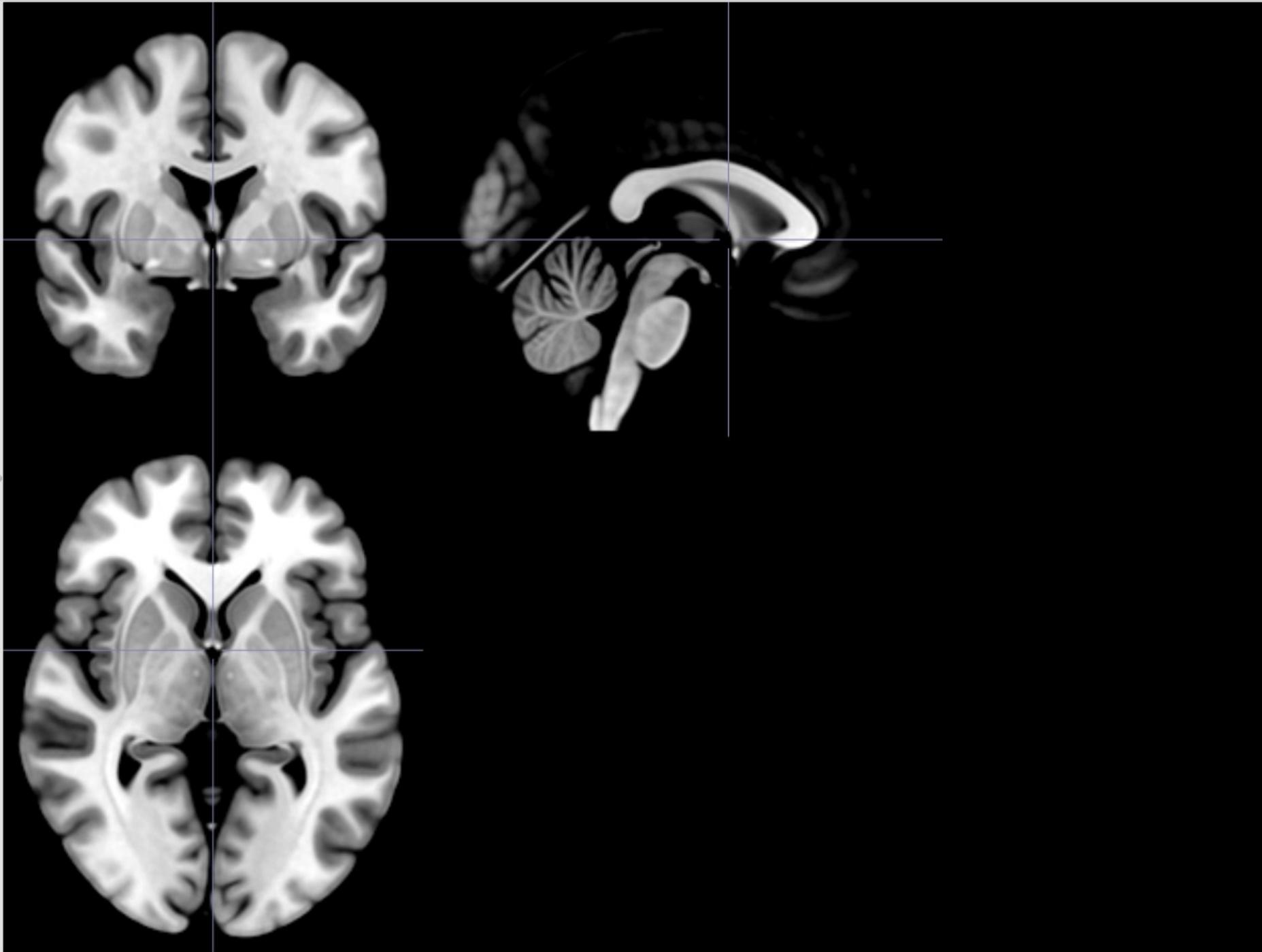
Lines  
Width 1

2D Slice Selection

Coordinates (X,Y,Z)  
0 0 0

Zoom

Smooth  Ruler



Layers

- spm152
- main\_effect

4hot

Darkest

Brightest

Opacity

Lines

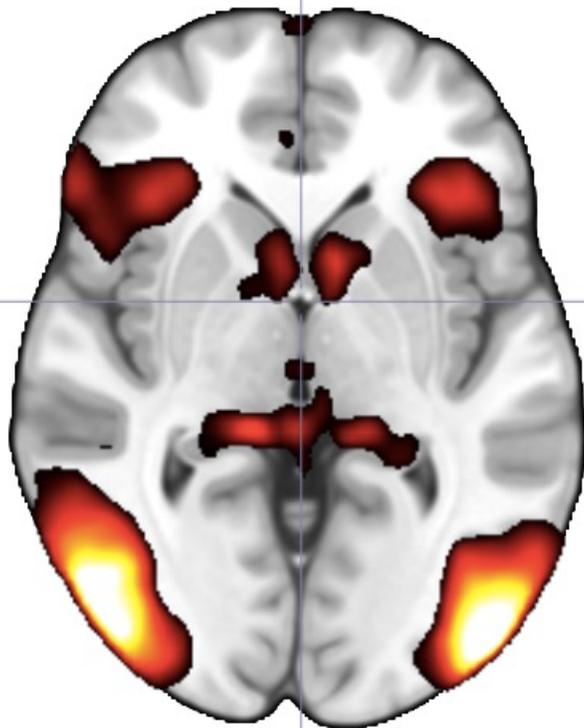
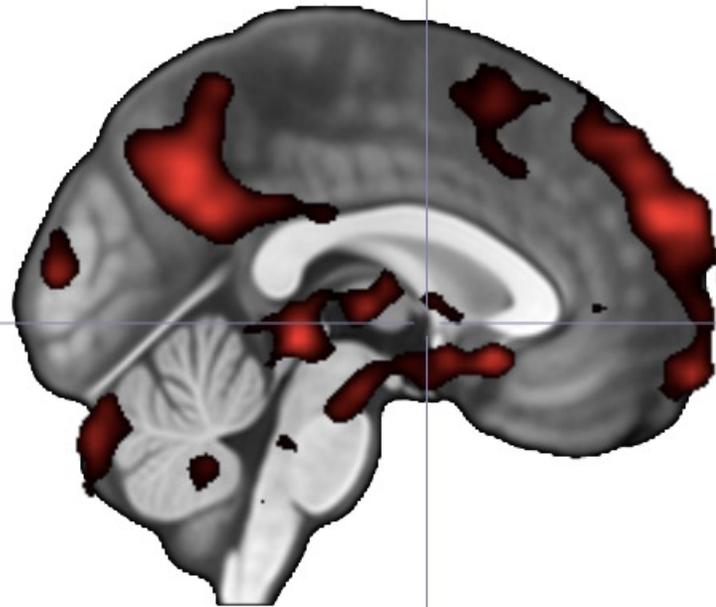
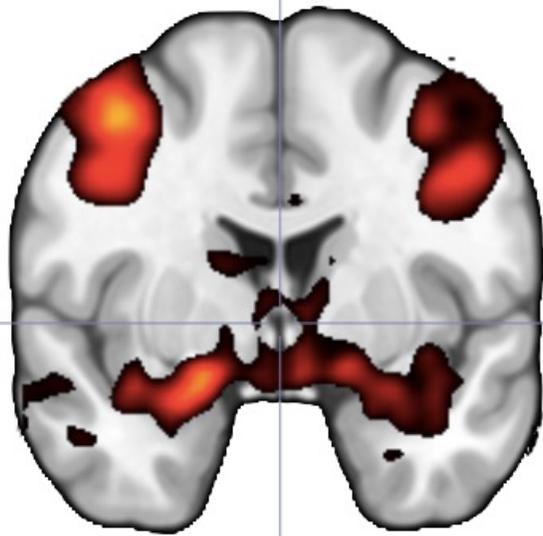
Width

2D Slice Selection

Coordinates (X,Y,Z)

Zoom

Smooth  Ruler



```
Scripting
import gl
import sys
print(sys.version)
print(sys.path)
print(gl.version())
gl.resetdefaults()
gl.loadimage('mni152')
```

Layers

- spm152
- main\_effect

4hot

Darkest

Brightest

Opacity

Lines

Width

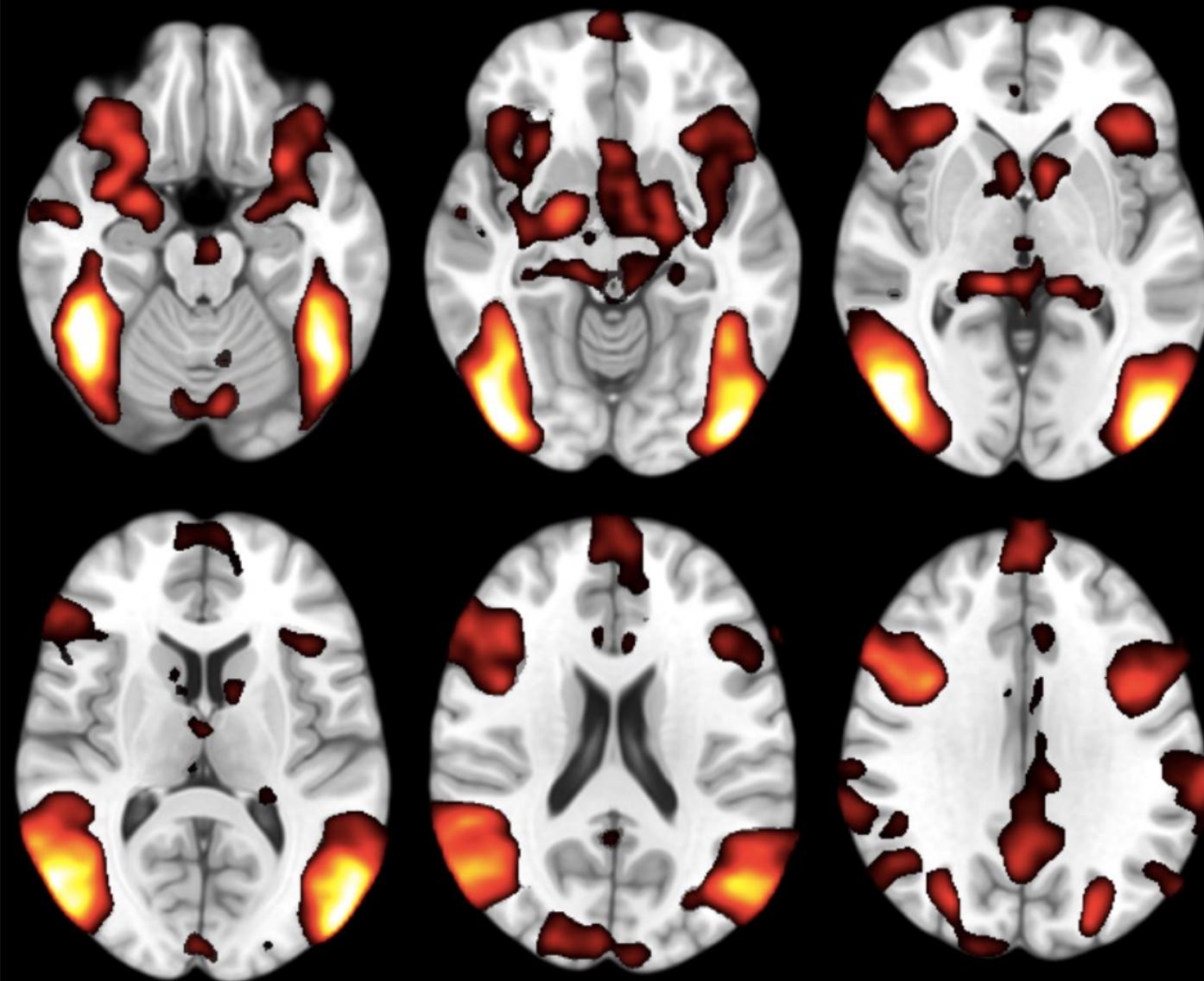
Mosaic

Columns

Rows

Orientation

Cross Slice  Label Slices

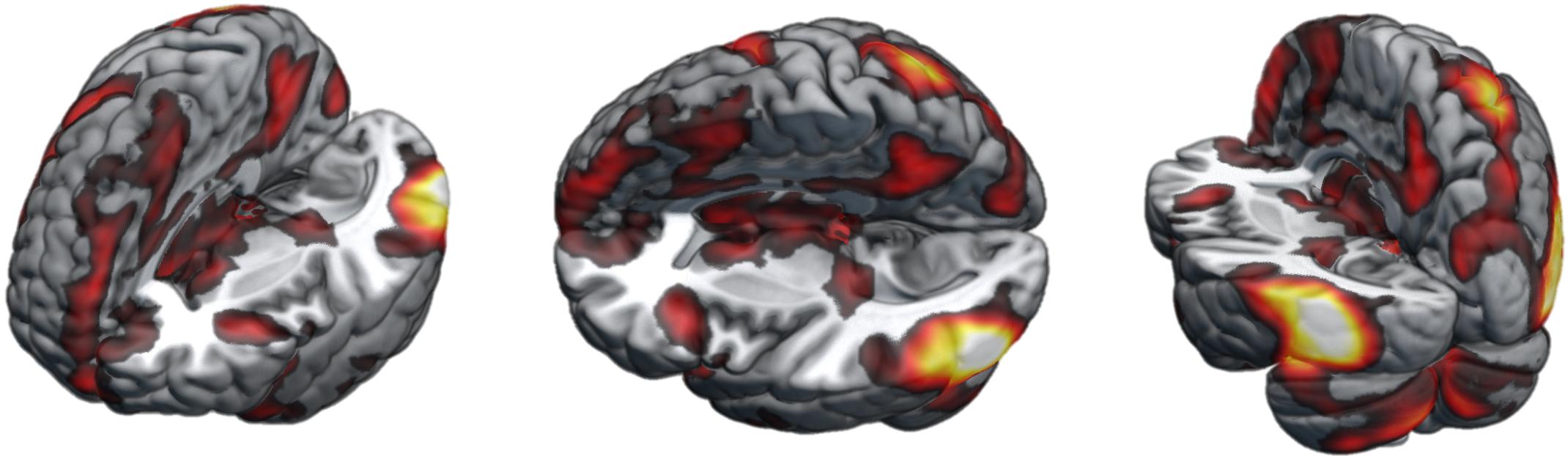


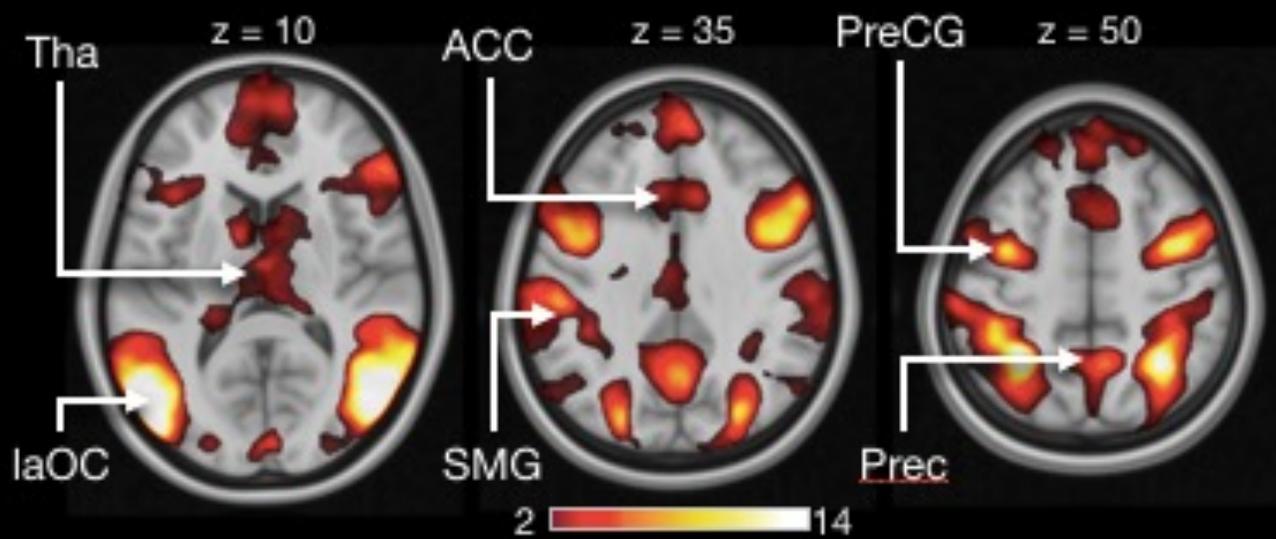
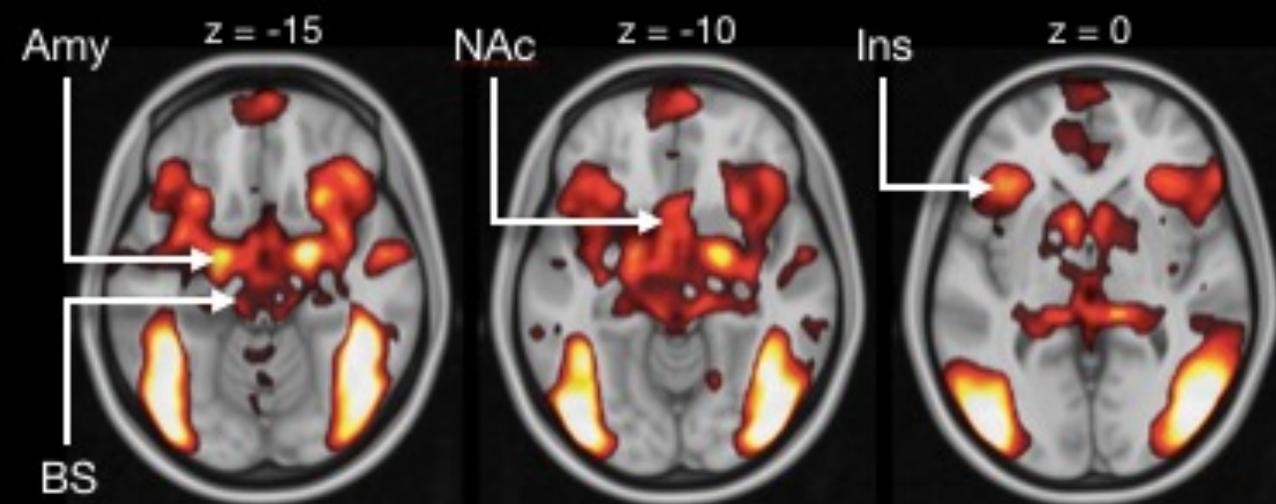
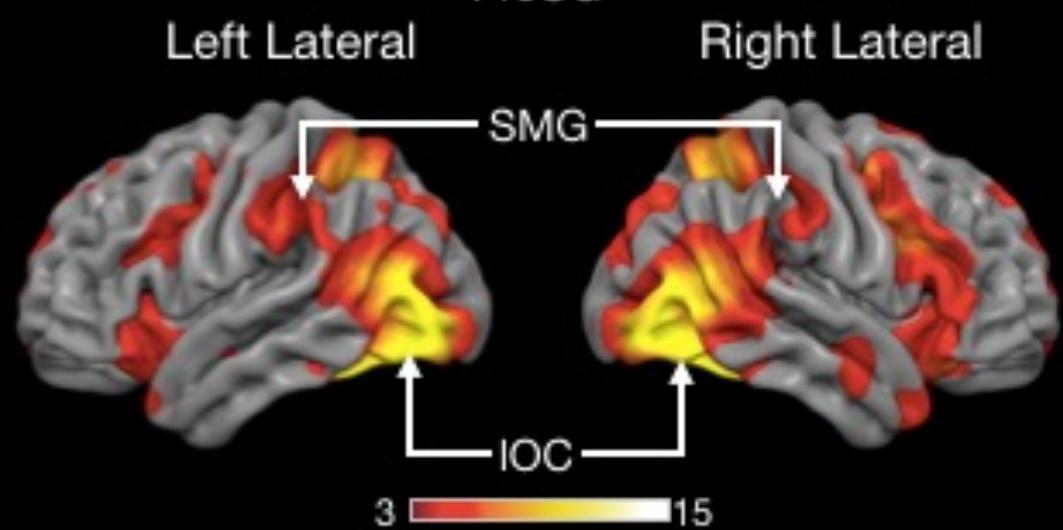
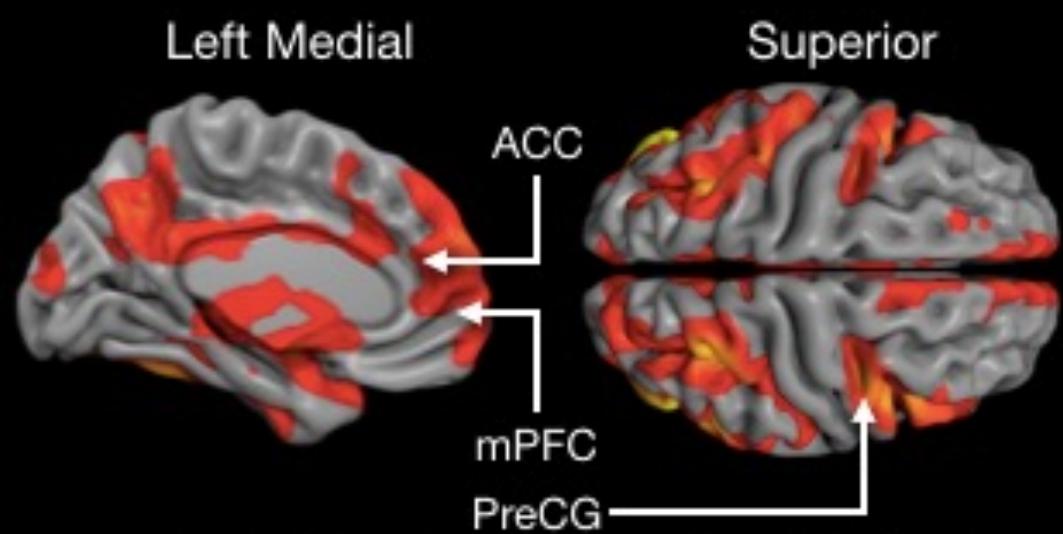
```
Scripting [Line 4 Col 19]
import gl
gl.loadimage('spm152')
gl.minmax(0, 10, 80)
gl.overlayload('~\\Desktop\\main_effect.nii')
gl.minmax(1, 3, 15)
gl.colourname (1,'4hot')
gl.opacity(1,100)
gl.mosaic("A -20 -10 0 ; 10 20 30")
gl.backgroundColor(0,0,0)
```



Running Python script  
Python Successfully Executed

# Volume Rendering with MRICroGL





# Surf Ice

- A surface renderer closely related to MRICroGL
- Can also be downloaded for free from [www.nitrc.org/](http://www.nitrc.org/)
- Similar scripting capabilities as MRICroGL

Clipping

Depth

Azimuth

Elevation

Background Mesh

XRay

Shader For Background Only

Render

Minimal  AO

Light

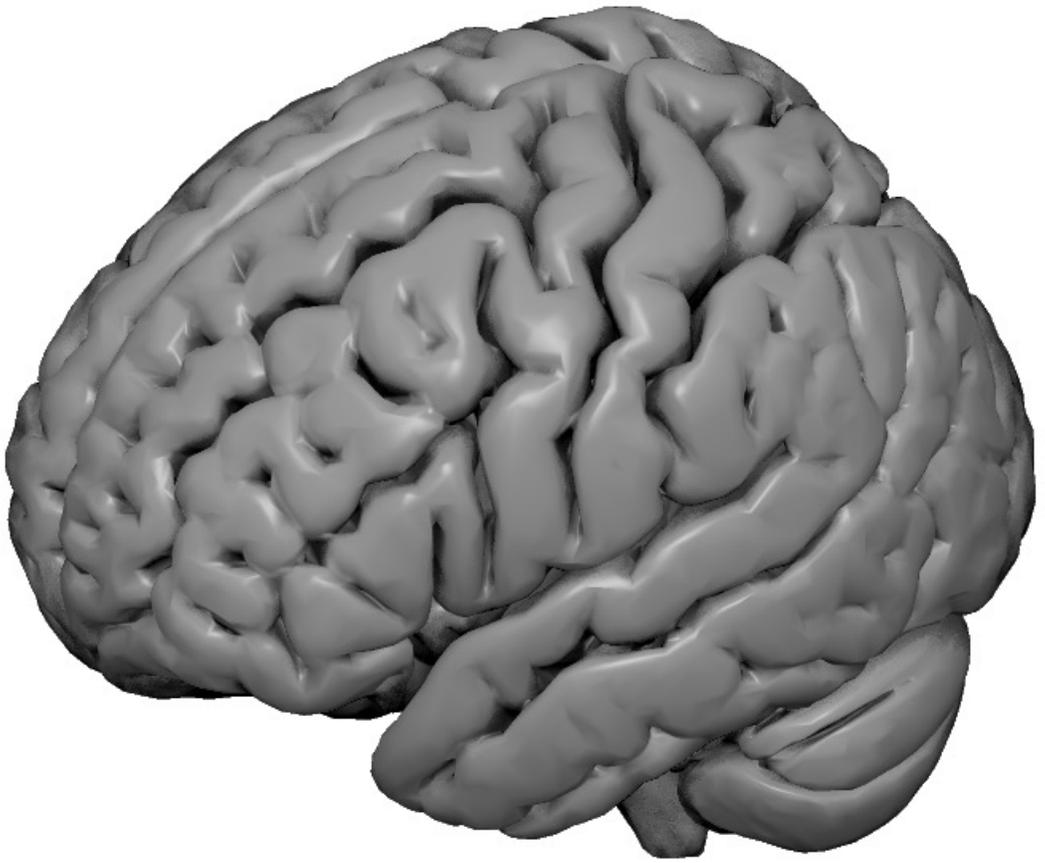
Ambient

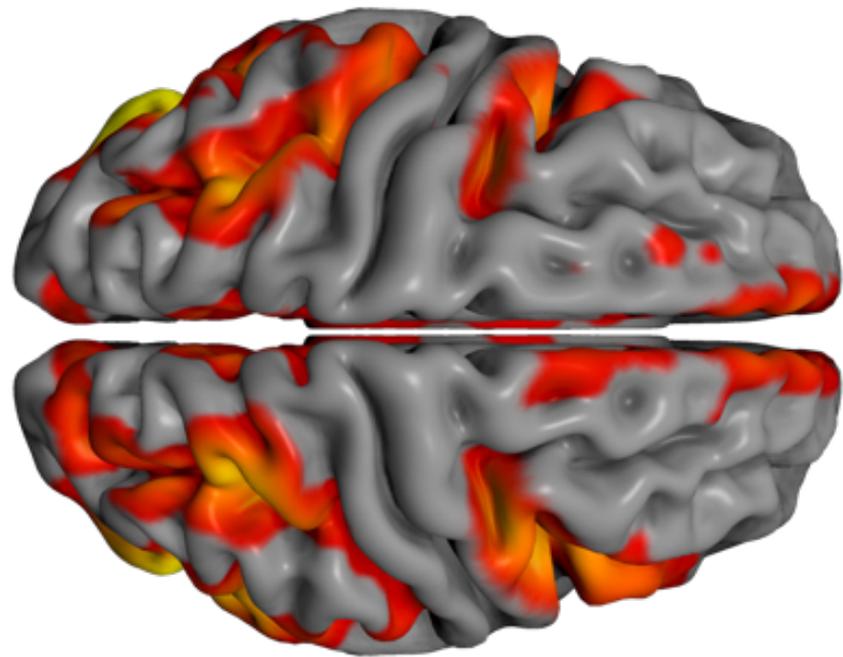
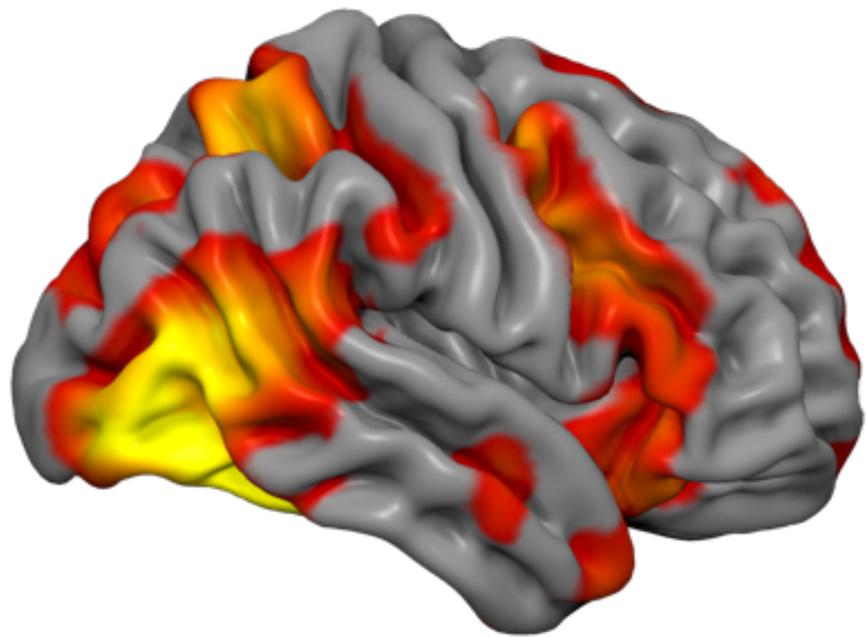
Diffuse

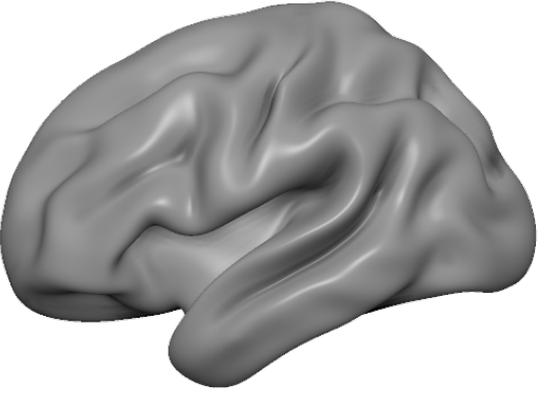
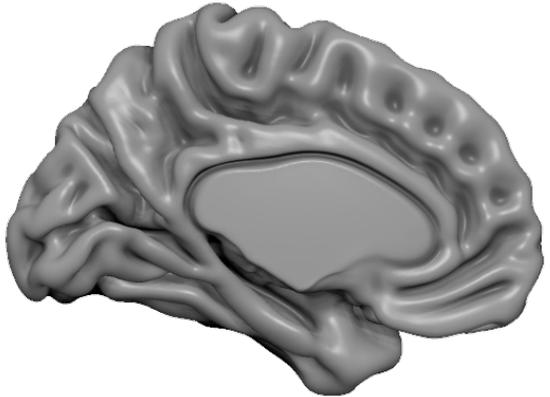
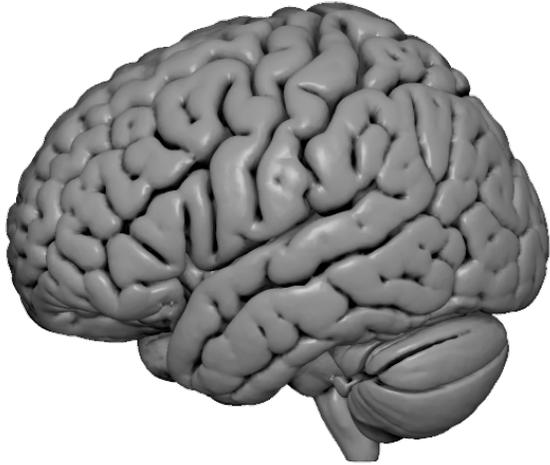
Specular

Shininess

Blinn-Phong shading with Lambertian dif

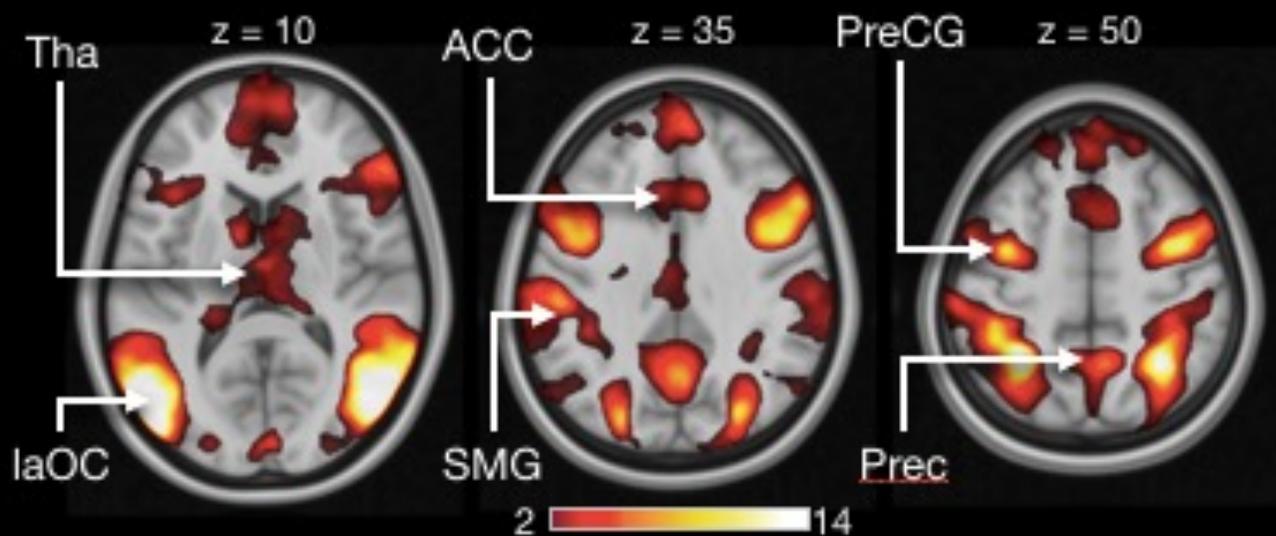
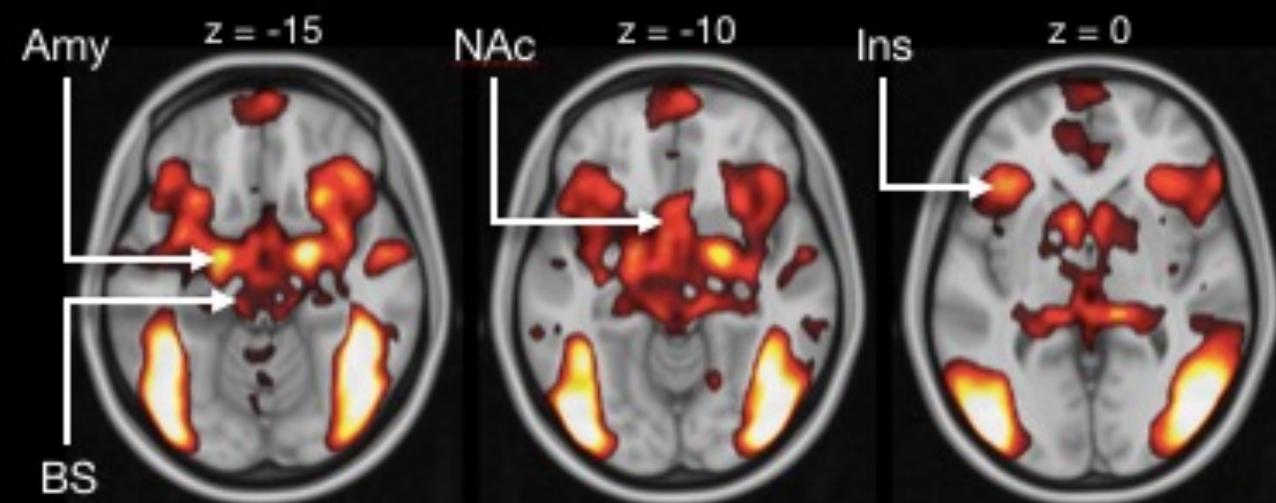
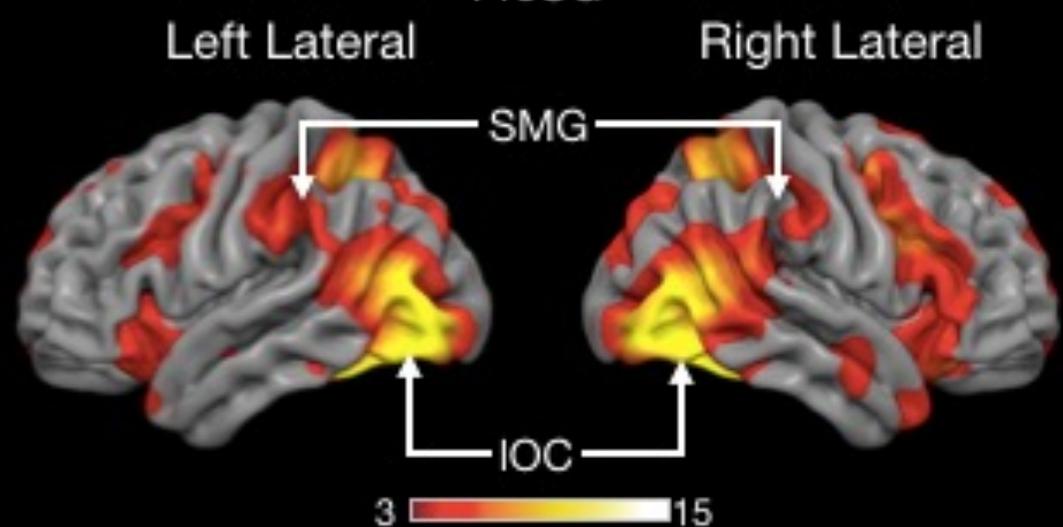
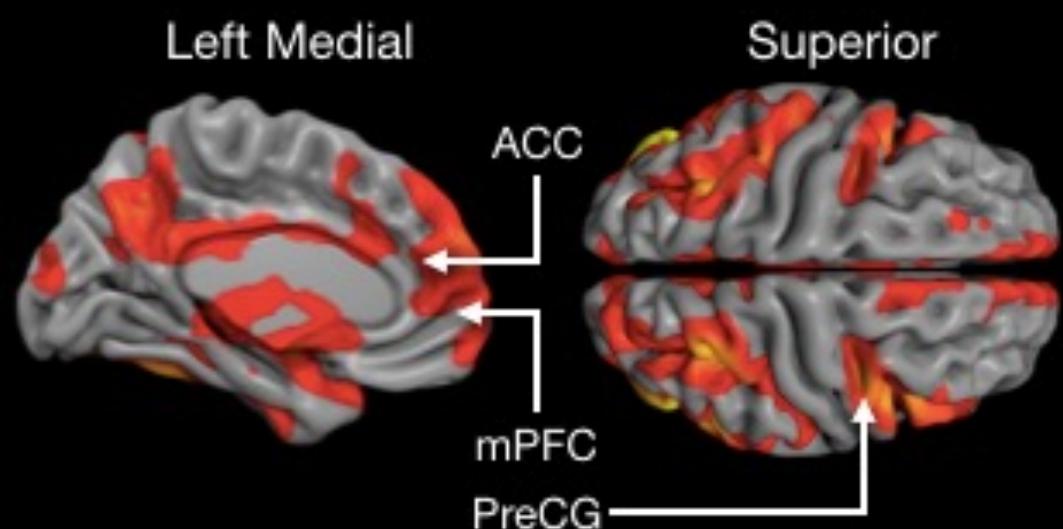


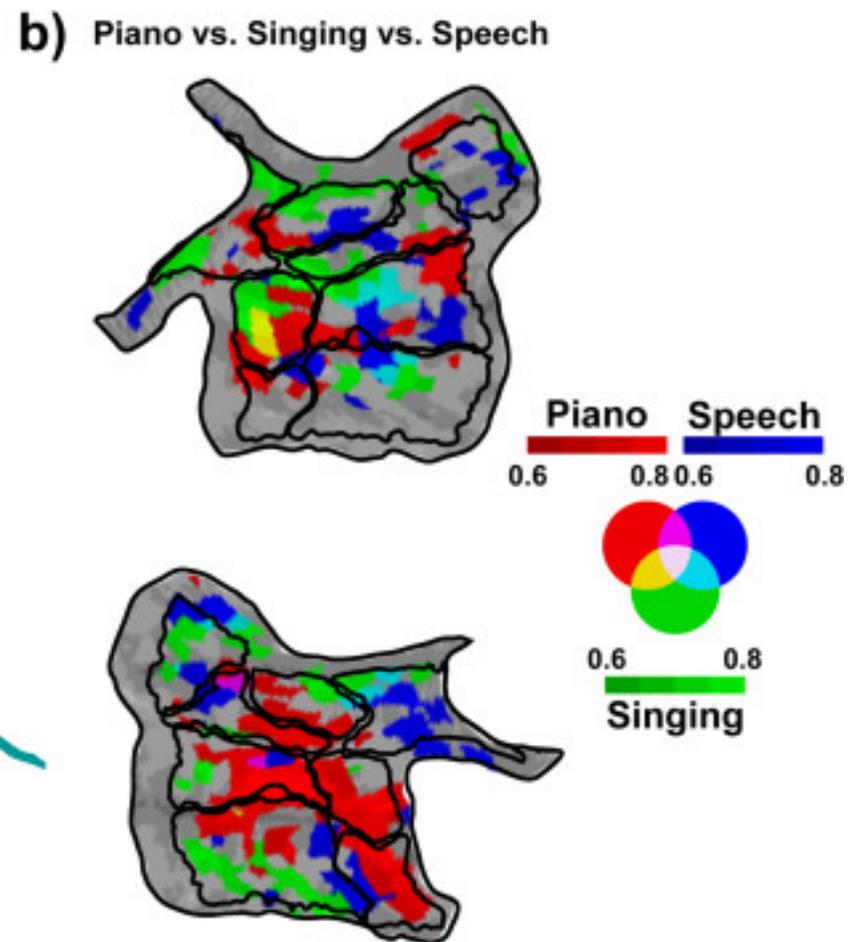
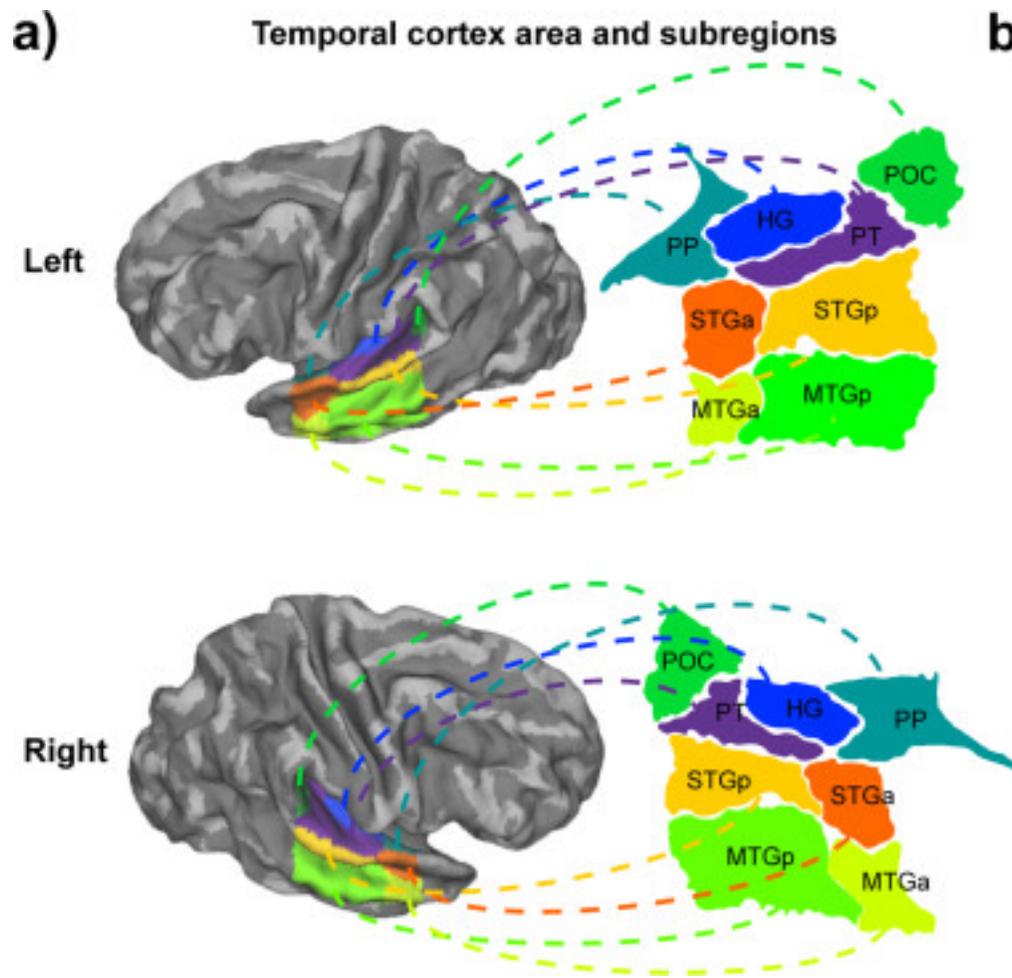






```
import gl
gl.resetdefaults()
gl.meshload('BrainMesh_ICBM152.rh.mz3')
gl.overlayload('motor_4t95mesh.rh.mz3')
gl.overlaycolorname(1, 'red')
gl.shaderxray(1.0, 0.3)
gl.azimuthelevation(110, 15)
gl.meshcurv()
```

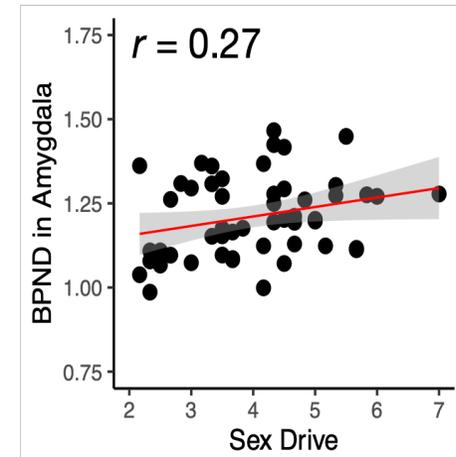
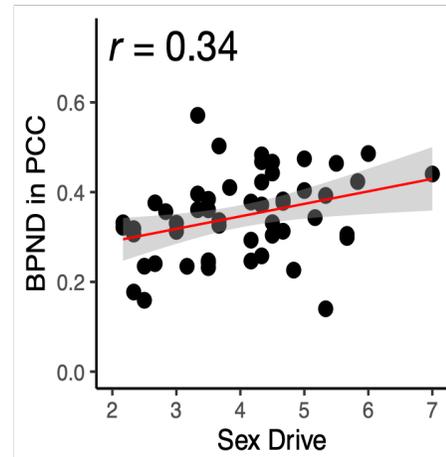
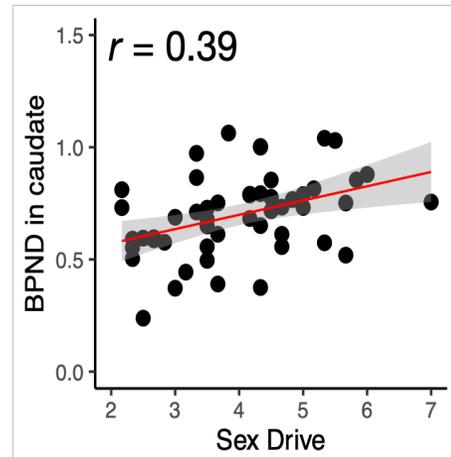
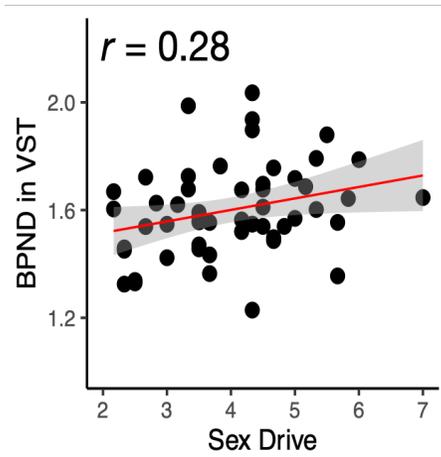
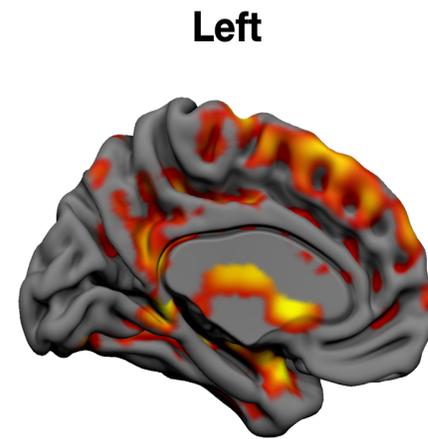
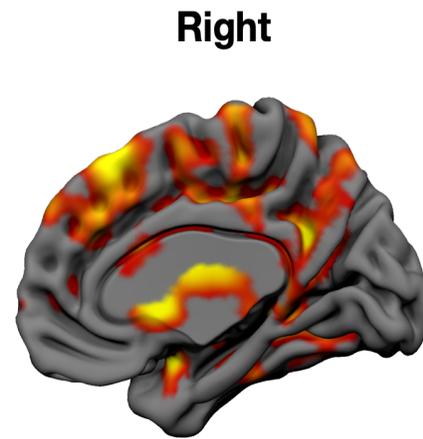
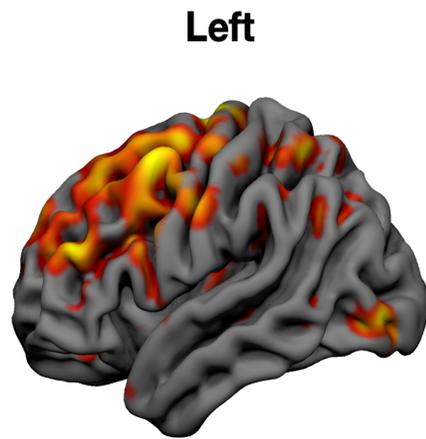
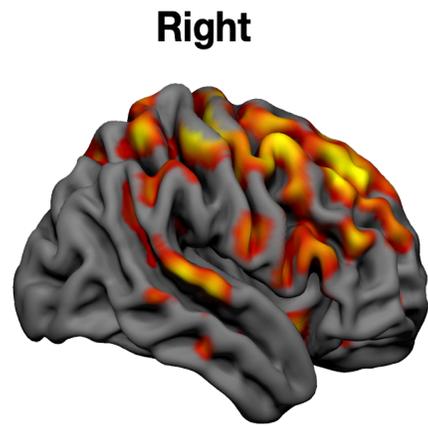


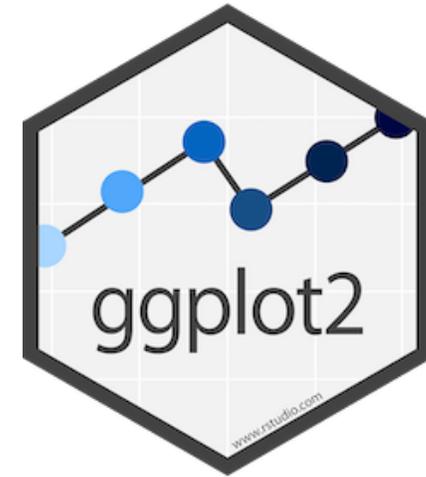




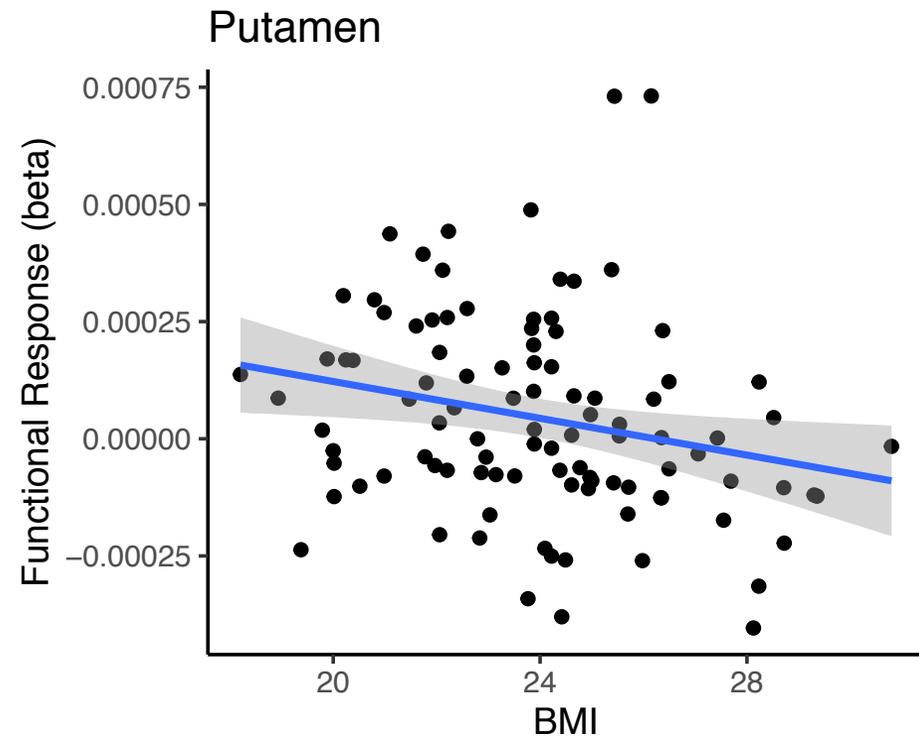
# Other rendering tools

- Caret
- Fsleyes
- Freeview
- ParaView
- PyCortex
- See links in the course web page





```
ggplot(df, aes(bmi, beta))+  
  geom_point()+  
  geom_smooth(method = 'lm')+  
  theme_classic()+  
  xlab('BMI')+ # x axis label  
  ylab('Functional Response (beta)')+  
  ggtitle('Putamen')
```



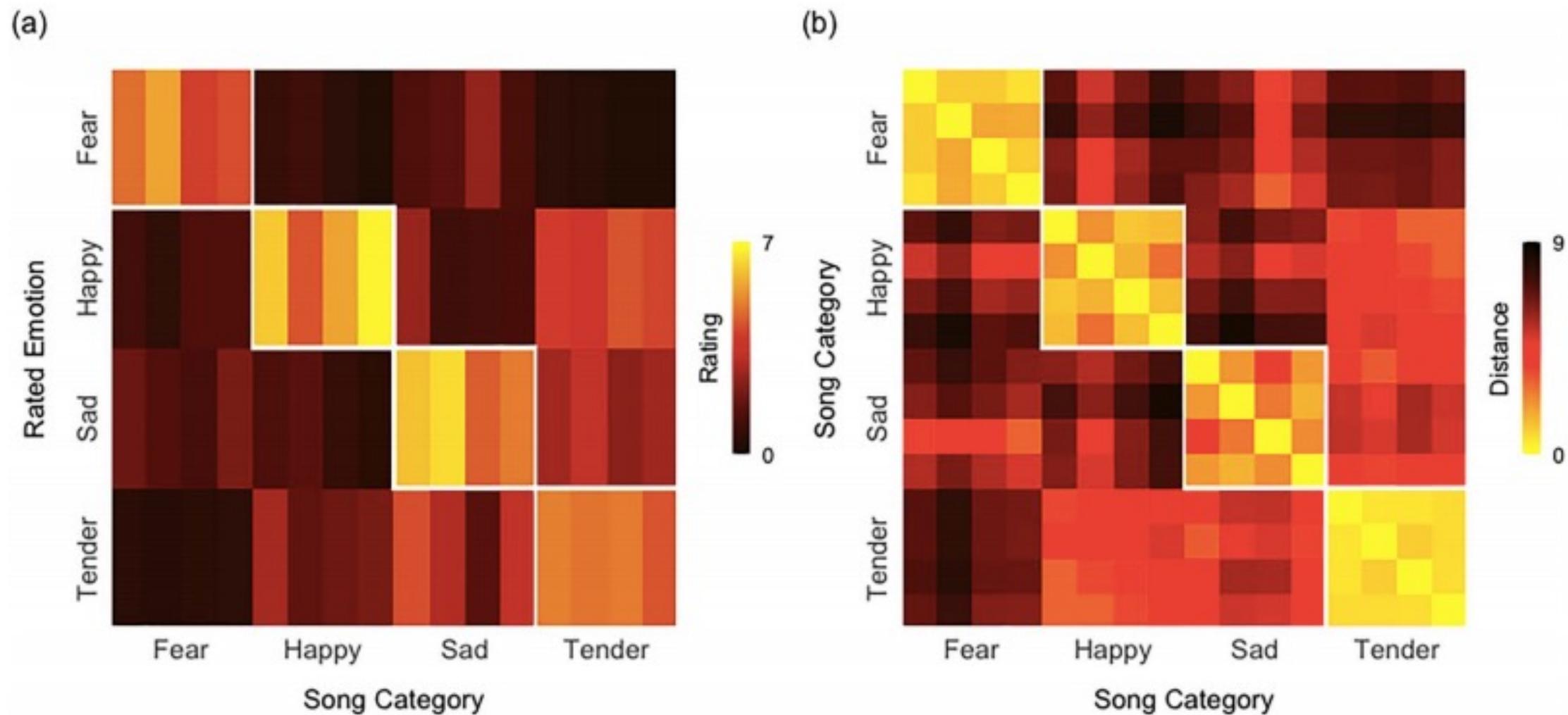


Figure 1. (a) Mean ratings for the intensity of each emotion for each musical excerpt. (b) Rating dissimilarity matrix (Euclidean distance) for each song pair.

<https://www.rstudio.com/>

<https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/>